Peter Beck, Seibersdorf Laboratories, Austria – Chair WG11/TG3



Acknowledgements Contributors WG11/Task Group 3

	Name	Institute	Country
Peter	Beck	Seibersdorf Laboratories, SL	Austria
Pawel	Bilski	Institute for Nuclear Physics, IFJ	Poland
Jean-Francois	Bottolier-Depois	Institute for Radiological Protection and Nuclear Safety, IRSN	France
Rolf	Bütikofer	University of Bern & International Foundation HFSJG	Switzerland
Clive	Dyer	Consultant, University SURREY	United Kingdom
Erwin	Flückiger	University of Bern & International Foundation HFSJG	Switzerland
Nicolas	Fuller	Paris-Meudon Observatoire, LESIA	France
Karl-Ludwig	Klein	Paris-Meudon Observatoire, LESIA	France
Alex	Hands	University of SURREY	United Kingdom
Marcin	Latocha	Seibersdorf Laboratories, SL	Austria
Vladimir	Mares	Helmholz Zentrum München, HMGU	Germany
Daniel	Matthiä	German Aerospace Center, DLR	Germany
Christian	Pioch	Helmholz Zentrum München, HMGU	Germany
Günther	Reitz	German Aerospace Center, DLR	Germany
Werner	Rühm	Helmholz Zentrum München	Germany
Christian	Steigies	University Kiel	Germany
Graeme	Taylor	National Physical Laboratory, NPL	United Kingdom
Frank	Wissmann	Bundesamt für Strahlenschutz, Berlin, BfS	Germany
Hiroshi	Yasuda	National Institute of Radiological Sciences, NIRS	Japan



Objectives of WG11/TG3:

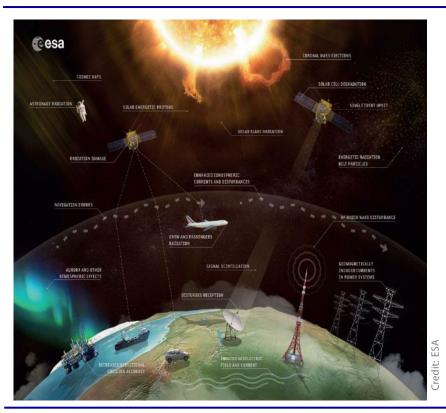
To improve models for dose assessment due to solar particle events and validate with experimental data

Result: EURADOS Report 2021-03

P. Beck, J.F. Bottollier-Depois, R. Bütikofer, E. Flückiger, N. Fuller, K.-L. Klein, M. Latocha, V. Mares, D. Matthiä, W. Rühm: "Comparison of Codes Assessing Radiation Exposure at Aviation Altitudes in Case of Solar Particle Events", Neuherberg, April 2021. DOI: 10.12768/zmq7-bv59

https://eurados.sckcen.be/sites/eurados/files/uploads/Publications/2021/EURADOS-Report-2021-03.pdf.

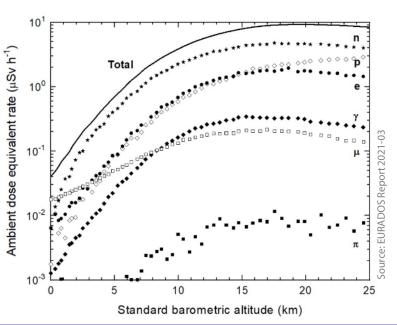




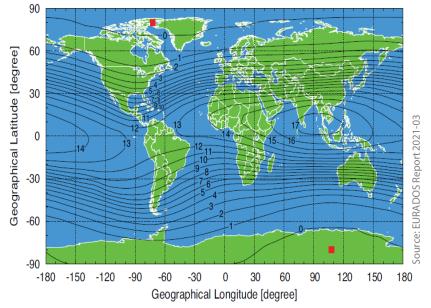
- Aircrew and passengers are exposed to cosmic radiation of galactic and solar origin.
- Primary galactic cosmic radiation and energetic solar particles interact with atomic nuclei of atmospheric producing cascade of interactions and secondary reaction products.
- Decrease in intensity with increasing depth in the Earth's atmosphere.
- Changes in intensity with variations of Earth's magnetic field.



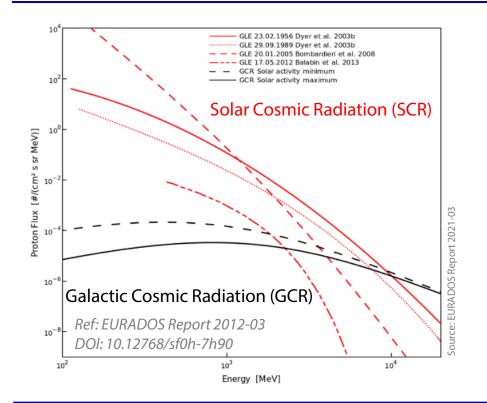
Influence atmospheric depth

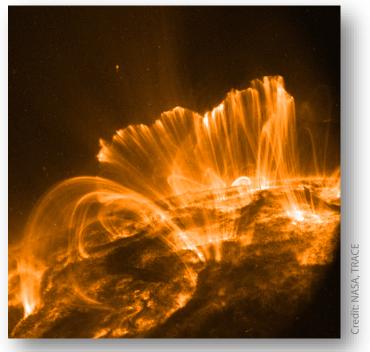


Influence Earth magnetic field



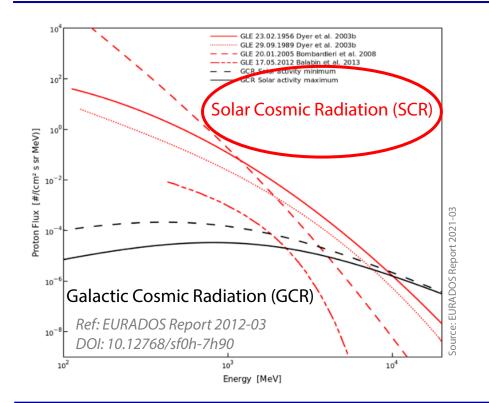


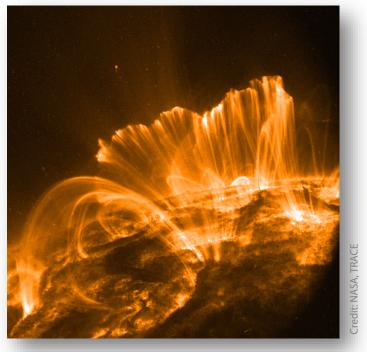




Post-eruptive loops in the wake of a solar flare, image TRACE satellite, NASA.







Post-eruptive loops in the wake of a solar flare, image TRACE satellite, NASA.



The following four protective measures are important



- To assess the exposure of the crew concerned in **H***(10) and **E**.
- To consider the assessed exposure when organizing working schedules with a view to reduce the radiation doses of highly exposed crews.
- To inform the workers concerned of the health risks their work involves.
- To apply the same special protection during pregnancy to female crew in respect of the 'child to be born' as to other female workers.

